

WEATHER FORECAST.  
Fair tonight; Sunday fair and slightly warmer.

VOLUME 92—NUMBER 81

NEWARK, OHIO, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1917

# THE NEWARK ADVOCATE

DISPLAY THE FLAG

TEN CENTS A WEEK

## Disarmament Keynote of German Reply to the Vatican

### VATICAN WOULD BOYCOTT NATION WITH BIG ARMY

Suppression of Conscription  
is Solution to Present  
Conflict

BELIEVES COMPULSORY  
SERVICE BREEDS WAR

Voluntary Service Gives  
Necessary Contingents For  
Maintaining Public Order

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Rome, Friday, Sept. 21.—Cardinal Gasparri, the papal secretary of state, tonight emphasized to the Associated Press, the views of the Vatican regarding a solution of the war by the suppression of conscription and also a joint commercial boycott of any nation which refused to disarm, the occasion being the publication in the Italia di Milan, of an article on the peace plan of the Holy See. It is evident from the article that the Vatican aspires to suppress German militarism by securing a peace treaty requiring the permanent disarmament of that nation.

"The Italia declared that the Holy See in its call for peace out of a feeling of delicacy towards the belligerent powers would not indicate practical means with which to obtain and maintain disarmament leaving the nations to decide the means, but Cardinal Gasparri said, the Holy See is convinced that among all the plans suggested so far the only practical and possible one is the following:

"By an accord among the civilized nations, including neutrals, to suppress obligatory military service, to institute an arbitration tribunal and as a guarantee to direct a general boycott against nations which again attempt to introduce conscription or which refuse to submit international questions to arbitration or to accept the decisions of a guarantee which Lord Robert Cecil, British parliamentary under secretary for foreign affairs, has shown would have great benefits."

It was pointed out by the cardinal that the Holy See had always condemned the nefarious effects of conscription of a war-breeder that in its own dominions it had refused to use compulsory military service and that Napoleon had adopted this idea. Conscription, the papal secretary said, led to many wars, the governments always having ready at hand a fighting instrument. It was further explained by the cardinal that the recent examples of Great Britain and the United States proved conclusively that voluntary military service really gave the necessary contingents for the maintenance of public order but did not supply the monstrous armies needed by modern warfare, and which tempted their governments to make use of them. Therefore, he argued, by the suppression of conscription, big armies, great military plants and military armaments would be destroyed and the energy and money consumed in these ways could be used in paying off the huge costs of the present war.

It was made evident in the Italia article that the Vatican did not hope for a period when there would be no more wars, but that it believed it would be possible to limit them.

Regarding the present war the newspaper maintained that the contending parties would be obliged to come to some terms other than those directed by the force of arms, otherwise, in the course of the next few years the manhood and wealth of the world would be swallowed up.

### GERMANY'S REPLY WILL NOT ALTER POSITION OF U. S.

Washington Officials Study  
German Document  
Closely

SECRETARY LANSING WILL  
NOT AUTHORIZE QUOTATION

No Basis Found In Kaiser's  
Note For Discussion  
of Terms

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—The replies made by Germany and Austria to Pope Benedict's peace proposal contain nothing that will in any way alter the position of the United States as outlined in President Wilson's reply to the pope. The replies as received here in Associated Press dispatches were closely studied today by all officials and diplomats here who gave indications that they were little less than had been expected.

First examination of the replies, officials thought, failed to disclose anything in the nature of terms which would afford a basis for discussion. Secretary Lansing authorized no quotation of any opinion for the government but it was clearly indicated at the state department that such consideration as had been given to the replies had failed to develop any reason for any alteration of the aims or intentions this government either in the conduct of the war or in any peace adjustment may be undertaken later.

### GOVERNMENT TAKES 2 OF DENISON FACULTY

(Special to Advocate.)  
Granville, O., Sept. 22.—Dr. Clarence Ebaugh, who has been elected head of the department of chemistry, Denison University, has been appointed by President Wilson, chairman of the Council of National Defense for the state of Ohio. Dr. Ebaugh is a noted consulting chemist and is an authority on potash production. Denison will loan his services to the government for the coming year. Harvard University appointed a member of its staff to take Prof. Ebaugh's place until such time as he could be released by the government upon his work here, too, was called into government service. Ames College, Iowa, has agreed to loan for the year the service of Prof. Louvis Rumsey, who will begin his work at Denison next Monday.

The work in political science will be performed by Prof. Saulis of Harvard University, who has been loaned to Denison for the year 1917-18. Mrs. Eugenia Finley, head of the department of home economics, has accepted a leave of absence from her family and finds herself unable to return to her work. Her place for the year 1917-18 will be filled by Miss Laura Heston, a member of the department of home economics at Ohio State University.

### RUSSIA NEEDS THE MONEY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Petrograd, Sept. 22.—The Russia Volla says that a strange rumor was circulated yesterday that the Russian government intends to sell the peninsula of Kamchatka, on the northeastern coast of Siberia to Americans. The report said that Americans were offering several billions of rubles for the territory.

### FIVE MERCHANT SHIPS AND TWO DESTROYERS ARE SUNK BY U-BOAT FLEET SAYS REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
An Atlantic Port, Sept. 22.—Passengers who arrived here from England today on an American steamship brought circumstantial reports that five British steamships and two destroyers out of a convoy fleet of six which left Lough Swilly, Ireland, September 3, were sunk by a German submarine within a few hours of the port of departure.

The story was told, among others, by shipwrecked seamen, who were survivors of other submarine vessels, and by a merchant ship officer who had been in Lough Swilly.

The five vessels, it is said, conveyed by the destroyers, put to sea shortly after midnight, and they were attacked by massed submarines during the following morning.

The news of the disaster was learned when the destroyers which escaped put back to port bringing survivors of the torpedoed merchant men and war vessels.

"The closest secrecy was immediately thrown about the incident," the merchant ship officer said. "The survivors were given positive instructions to say nothing about it and no details as to the names of the ships or the extent of loss of

life could be learned. It was reported that one and possibly two of the U-boats were sunk by the destroyers."

### MILITARY TRAINING.

Oxford, Sept. 22.—In a mass-meeting of the men of Miami University held yesterday morning, the students, led by popular vote to adopt uniform for use in the military drill which is to be organized next week. The meeting was addressed by student leaders who spoke very warmly for the new course. Although obliged by the general scarcity of military equipment to drill with dummy guns, the student body showed general enthusiasm at the idea of training for all men.

### FARMER HELD FOR MURDER.

Toledo, O., Sept. 22.—Frederick Lehman, Swanton farmer, was held to the grand jury late yesterday by Justice Deyo at Wauseon upon an affidavit charging him with the murder of his young wife last Monday. Lehman is held in the county jail without bail. Coroner Bishop of Fulton county, returned a verdict last night holding Lehman responsible for the death of his wife.

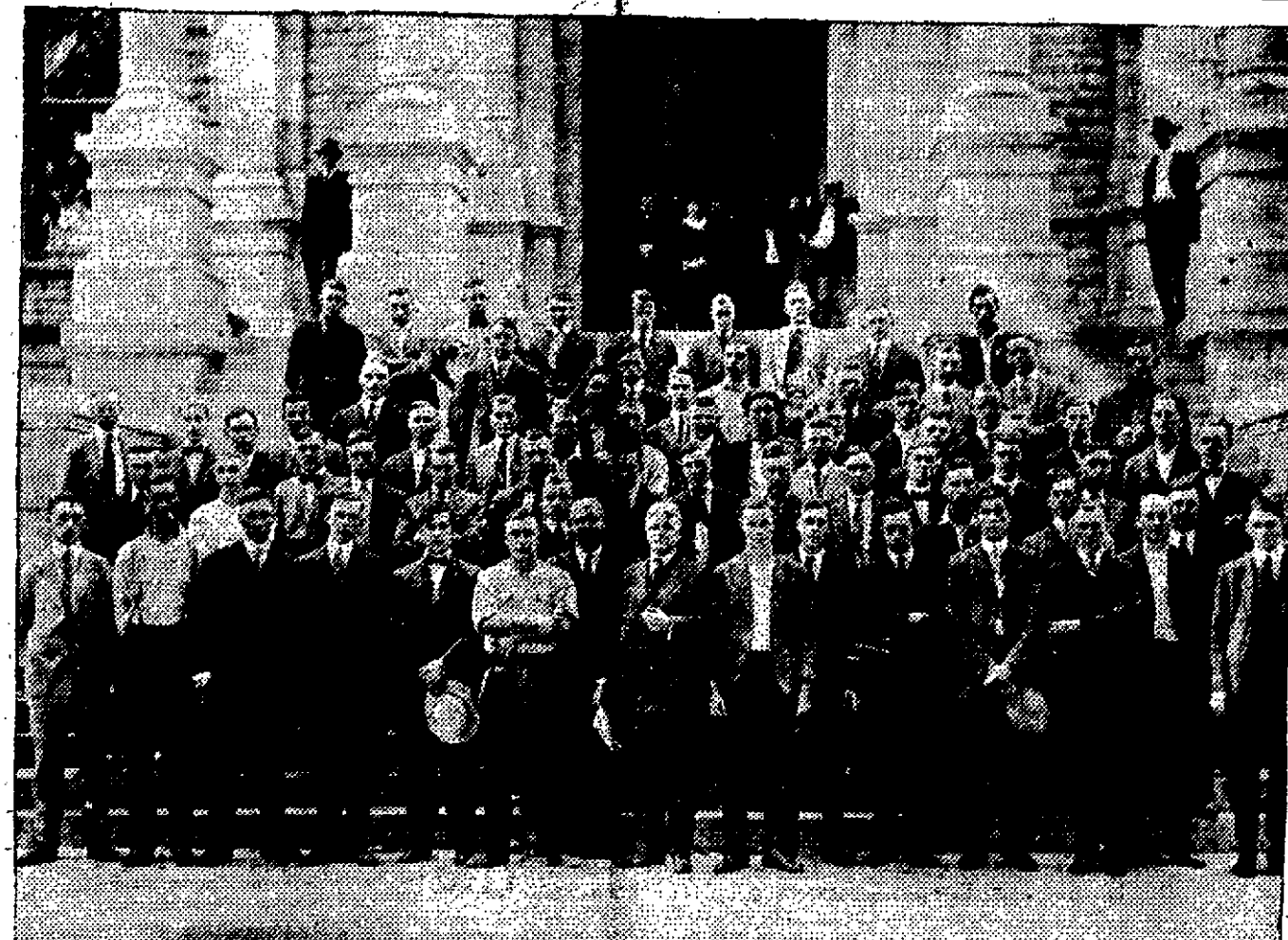
### NIECE GOT BULK OF BIG ESTATE LEFT BY WIDOW

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22.—Aside from \$5,000,000 bequeathed to her second husband in a codicil executed here about a month before her death, July 27, the entire estate of Mrs. Robert Worth Bingham, formerly Mrs. Henry M. Flagler was disposed of in a will filed at West Palm Beach, Fla., August 8, the bulk of it going to her niece, Mrs. Louise Wise Lewis. There have been many rumors since the filing here for probate of the codicil naming her husband as beneficiary, that it would be attacked by the legates named in her will.

### HAS'NT REACHED POPE.

Rome, Friday, Sept. 21.—The Vatican's courier from Switzerland had not arrived in Rome up to this evening with the Austrian and German replies to Pope Benedict's peace proposals. Cardinal Gasparri, the papal secretary of state, said the courier arriving here next Wednesday possibly would bring the replies.

### NEWARK BOYS OFF TO CAMP SHERMAN



This picture of Newark young men about to leave for Camp Sherman was taken by Operator Zimmerman for Panoramic Photographer Geo. C. Lore on the east side of the courthouse Wednesday afternoon, September 19th, 1917. The men left for Chilliocthe the following day. In the group, bottom row, may be seen Dr. W. H. Knauss and Walter C. Symons, who with Albert A. Stassel and Wm. M. Morgan, constitute the Newark draft board. The picture shows all but a half dozen of the Newark men who went to the big military camp on Thursday. Thoug given a box of fried chicken and other good things and was presented with one of The Advocate bronze service medals with his name and address engraved thereon together with a personal letter and a printed list of 1,400 people who had contributed to the medal fund. So far 450 of these medals have been issued to Licking county soldiers and sailors.

### CONVOY SYSTEM IS EFFECTIVE AGAINST SUBMARINE MENACE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Convoying of merchant ships by American and British naval vessels has materially reduced submarine losses. It was said today officially at the navy department.

At the time the convoy system was adopted records for all allied and American shipping showed that approximately one-half of 1 per cent of convoyed merchant craft fell victims to the German submarines. The figures have not been worked up in the weeks that have elapsed since then, but indications are that even that small per centage has been very much reduced with the general application of the convoy plan. There have been no recent submarine losses in the vicinity of Gibraltar or the Azores which tends to support the view that the convoy system is proving itself effective.

Some navy officials believe that the massed attack by six German submarines on the convoyed merchant ships of which the American tanker Westwego was one, indicated a change in tactics by the German admiralty. British and American naval strategists, however, are working out a method of meeting massed attacks.

It was said officially also that absolutely no information of any character had been received indicating that the submarines would be employed upon this side of the Atlantic.

### GEN. SCOTT RETIRES; BLISS IS STAFF CHIEF

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Major General Hush L. Scott retired today as chief of staff of the army and was succeeded by Major General Tasker Bliss.

General Scott being 64 years old, had reached the age-limit, but will immediately be recalled to active duty in connection with the training of troops in this country.

### BRITISH BOMBARD OSTEND NAVAL BASE; DESTROY 3 'PLANES

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
London, Sept. 22.—British warships this morning bombarded the German naval works at Ostend with satisfactory results, it was announced today by the British admiralty. Three German seaplanes were shot down by airplanes. The admiralty statement says:

"Naval works at Ostend were this morning bombarded by ships of our Belgian coast patrol with satisfactory results. Three seaplanes attempted to assist the enemy by observation and were shot down by our air patrol."

### BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
An Atlantic Port, Sept. 22.—The British steamship La Vega, on her way from Buenos Aires to Havre with a cargo of Argentine beef, was sunk by a German submarine September 3, 45 miles off Plymouth, according to survivors of the crew who arrived here today on an American steamship.

### FLAGS FOR AMERICANS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Paris, Sept. 22.—Five American regiments have been designated by the United States government to receive regimental flags donated by descendants of Frenchmen who fought in the American revolution.

### NEW PREMIER FOR INDEMNITY IN WAR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Paris, Sept. 22.—The new premier of France, Paul Painleve, declares that the French will vigorously prosecute the war until Alsace and Lorraine are restored and until Germany grants reparation for damages inflicted. The peace sought, he says, is a just peace which does not contain the germs of a new war.



Premier Painleve.

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### AUSTRIAN REPLY IS VAGUE DECLARE LONDON EDITORS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
London, Sept. 22.—The incomplete parts of the reply of Germany and Austria to Pope Benedict's peace plea which arrived before press time are given prominence by the morning newspapers. Owing to the lateness of their papers, however, only two or three papers commented on them in the editorial columns. The tenor of the headlines, however, reflects the British attitude, one paper captioning the documents as "hypocritical claptrap from Berlin and Vienna."

The Daily Mail characterizes the Austrian reply as "a vague document" and comments on "the new moves in the peace plot" in which it says:

"We are told that the German governments are arranging terms with the Pope and the government of Spain. x x x The allies' peace conditions stand on record. Germany has not as yet the slightest intention of accepting them. x x x From them the allies will never recede."

### STANDARD MILITARY TRUCK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Formal announcement of the completion of the design of the new standard military truck to meet the field transportation problem of modern warfare was made today by Secretary Baker. The machine represents the efforts of about two-score truck specialists.

### CLEVELAND STUDENT AVIATOR IS KILLED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Mt. Clemens, Mich., Sept. 22.—William D. Mong, a student aviator of Cleveland, was killed this afternoon when his airplane crashed to the ground on the government aviation field. It was said that Mong attempted to loop-the-loop too close to the earth.

### CHINA READY TO FIGHT

### IF MONEY IS FURNISHED

Pekin, Manday, Sept. 10 (Delayed)—The president and the cabinet have agreed to the plan of sending a trial division of 24,000 Chinese soldiers to France if money, equipment and shipping are available. The entente allies have approved the proposition and France is eager to receive the contingent. The Chinese, probably could reach France by January 1st. An abundant number of fairly trained soldiers is immediately available for the expedition.

### HEADS OIL PURCHASE BOARD

Washington, Sept. 22.—Joseph F. Guffey of Pittsburgh, president of the National Gas Association of America and a Pennsylvania oil producer today was appointed supervisor of government oil purchases under the war industries board.

### T. R. POLITICAL EDITOR.

Kansas City, Sept. 22.—Theodore Roosevelt made his debut as a member of the newspaper profession today when he spent the morning at his desk in the office of the Kansas City Star to which newspaper he is to contribute exclusively.

## GERMANS EARNESTLY DESIRE PEACE, SAYS NOTE TO THE POPE

Arbitration to Decide International Differences  
as Proposed by the Pope Also is Approved by the Reply of the  
Central Powers

## WOULD LIMIT ARMAMENTS ON LAND AND SEA AND ASSURE SEA'S FREEDOM

Emperor William Declares Germany's Geographical Location Compels Her to Rely Upon Peaceful Intercourse  
With Neighbors and Therefore Has Every Reason to  
Desire Fraternal Spirit Between Nations—Says Sick  
Body of Human Society Can Be Healed By Fortifying  
Strength of Right—Michaelis Signs Note

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Amsterdam, Sept. 22.—The German reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposal declares special measures taken by the government in closest contact with representatives of the German people to discuss answering the question raised, prove how earnestly it desires to find a practical basis for a just and lasting peace.

The German reply says that the imperial government greets with special sympathy the leading idea in which His Holiness clearly expressed the conviction that future material power of arms must be superseded by the moral power of right.

"Continuing, the reply says that Germany fully recognizes with His Holiness the high peace-producing effect of arbitration to decide international differences of opinion and in this respect Germany is ready to support every proposal compatible with the vital interests of the German empire and people.

Following is the text of the German reply: "Herr Cardinal—Your eminence has been good enough, together with your letter of August 2, to transmit to the Kaiser and king, my dearest gracious master, the note of His Holiness, the Pope, in which His Holiness, filled with grief at the devastations of the world, makes an emphatic peace appeal to the heads of the belligerent peoples. The Kaiser-king has designed to acquaint me with your eminence's letter and to entrust the reply to me. His Majesty has been following for a considerable time with high respect and sincere gratitude His Holiness' efforts in spirit of true impartiality to alleviate as far as possible the sufferings of the war and to hasten the end of hostilities. The Kaiser sees in the latest step of His Holiness fresh proof of his noble and humane feelings, and cherishes a lively desire that for the benefit of the entire world the papal appeal may meet with success."

"The effort of the Pope Benedict is to pave the way to an understanding amongst all peoples and might more surely reckon on a sympathetic reception and the whole-hearted support from His Majesty, seeing that the Kaiser since taking over the government has regarded it as his principal and most sacred task to preserve the blessings of peace for the German people and the world. In his first speech from the throne at the beginning of the German Reichstag on June 25, 1888, the Kaiser promised that his love of the German army and his position toward it should never lead him into temptation to cut short the benefits of peace unless war were a necessity forced on us by an attack on the empire or its allies. The German army should safeguard peace for us."

"Appreciating the importance of His Holiness' declaration the imperial government has not failed to submit the suggestion contained therein to earnest and scrupulous examination. Special measures which the government has taken in closest contact with representatives of the German people, for discussing and answering the questions raised prove how earnest it desires, in accordance with His Holiness' desire, (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4.)

## CLOTHING NATIONAL ARMY RECRUITS IS UNCLE SAM'S BIGGEST PROBLEM--NOTES

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)  
Camp Sherman, Chilliocthe, O., Sept. 22.—Today is the lightest day for receiving officers in this week's big task of taking care of Ohio and Pennsylvania selective draft soldiers coming to Camp Sherman. Between one thousand and eleven hundred were to arrive before midnight. All 450 are from Columbus and Franklin county. Toledo has 352, Wyandot county 19, Marion county 37, Delaware county 11, and Pickaway county 13, in today's contingent. The Toledo men go to Company A of the 329th Infantry and the Wyandot, Marion and Delaware men to the machine gun company of the same regiment. Pickaway quota is assigned to Company C of the 330th Infantry. All the others will be in barracks of the 324th heavy artillery by midnight.

Practically every activity at Camp Sherman has been in the way of preparation for the new men the last three days. All officers are enlisted in some way in handling the enormous task. Camp population is now estimated at 15,000 men including officers.

There is very little information to be had respecting clothing. Some of the first arrivals who have been here two weeks are still wearing parts of civilian outfits. All have shoes, hats, hose and underwear. A few have army trousers and shirts. There will be plenty of hats for the men who are coming this week and those will be forthcoming as rapidly as they can be issued but officers can do no more than promise full outfits inside the next two weeks. Even then they are not positive the clothing will be here in sufficient quantity by that time. The situation at Camp Sherman is just as it is elsewhere. All channels are bent on getting the articles needed as fast as possible but the output apparently is being swallowed up as fast as it comes, not only by the selective draft men but by the national guard and regular army camps.

Officers cannot now buy any articles of clothing through the camp quartermaster, a privilege they have enjoyed for years. Everything is being secured for the men. Promotions of "five year cost" men in the 330th Infantry have been made to give the "veterans" of the select an opportunity to aid in clothing their neighbors who are coming (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4.)



(Political Advertisement.)  
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OF NEWARK, OHIO

**CLOTHING NATIONAL ARMY RECRUITS IS UNCLE SAM'S BIGGEST PROBLEM--NOTES**

(Continued From Page 1)

In this week, Clarence Liggett of Athens was named battalion sergeant major and Charles G. Young drew a sergeant's chevrons among the first, honored.

Sergeant Dennis Carpenter and Sergeant Arthur Albrecht have been named color sergeants. John S. Kennan of Company E; John C. Madigan of Company C, and John H. Morris of Company H, were promoted to regimental supply sergeants.

A large per cent of the men in the 330th infantry are from Cincinnati. Men from Highland, Clinton, Tuscarawas, Noble, Morgan, Washington, Belmont, Monroe, Lawrence, Scioto, Pike, Clement Brown and Hamilton counties are also assigned to it.

Others promoted to sergeants in the regiment include corporal William Anderson headquarters company; Corporal Albert Van Tassel, headquarters company; Corporal Herman Koether, Company E; Private William T. Cross, headquarters company; private Stanley E. Brewster, headquarters company and private Martin Henneberry, company M.

Privates William H. Wagner and Eugene R. Scott of the headquarters company were made corporals. Assistant Band Leader Michele Picelle was promoted to band leader.

Men already picked from the regiment for the band include Clarence H. Sparrow, Forest G. Hurley, Lewis S. Devore, Fred Kern, B. G. Dorsey, George Frank, Elson C. Haskins, Ernest R. Wood and John R. Foubler.

Privates promoted to corporals include Charles W. Hunsicker, Lewis F. Swiger and Clinton J. Rust of Company C, and William E. Farrell, Thomas E. Foster and William G. Dragan of Company G, Perrell F. Ellenberger and Ora C. Means were made mechanics in the regiment.

Word was received today at headquarters of the eighty-third division here that forty-seven officers were sent to Cambridge, Mass., upon graduation from the officers training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison Ind., in August will report before Oct. 1 as instructors in trench warfare at Camp Sherman.

Reports that should be confirmed here are to the effect that the Third regiment, Ohio National Guard may not go to Camp Sheridan at Montgomery, Ala. No preparations are being made here for such a change in plans, while, contrary, substantial frame mess hall are being built in the tent quarters in camp. The third regiment moving from the barracks buildings to canvas today.

An unusually complete record of every recruit in the big training camp here—a record which will show the drafted man's previous occupations and his qualifications—is being compiled by army officers. The record is being made so that every man, whether a lawyer or a machinist, can be called upon to use his talents in helping Uncle Sam win the war.

The check on the men will be so wonderful that if Major General L. F. Glenn, in charge of the camp, should need a blue-eyed, auburn-headed carpenter with a Roman nose—a carpenter with five years' experience, weighing 185 pounds and standing six feet in his socks—such a carpenter could be obtained from the ranks in a few minutes.

Should someone else in authority want a barber, who could play horn in brass band or who could do cabinet making, so also could that individual be obtained—and obtained quickly—from among the 43,000 national army recruits. The camp officers say, is composed of men from practically every known art, trade, science, profession, calling, habit or otherwise.

The "qualification record" of every man in camp is being compiled under direction of an expert system man from the Westinghouse Electric Company of Pittsburgh. It will show a lot of things about each individual—enough that a glance at the individual's card will show immediately whether a carpenter is a "hammer and saw" or "Jackleg," or whether he is a "real carpenter"—his experience, salary when in civilian life and other details.

The cards will show the name in full, past trade, job or occupation how many years were spent in it, name of last employer, business of employer, address of employer, week ly wage, age of man, whether married or single, religion, whether man has had executive work, personality if an expert at any occupation, kind of occupation, man's schooling, what foreign languages he speaks, talent of man for public entertainment, previous military experience, preference for a particular branch of the service, and many other details.

If a man is an expert at a certain occupation, the card will show it. If an expert in two, the card will show it. If an expert in one and a "thinker" at another, the card also will show it.

The five least important callings, so far as military service is concerned, are those of the factory worker, farmer, laborer, lawyer and teacher.

Here are the occupations that army officers say are important in the recruit's new service "for the democracy":

Machinist, blacksmith, wheelwright, carpenter, concrete foreman, electrician, dynamo expert, gunsmith, lock smith, miner, painter, pipe-fitter, railroad traffic man, section hand, railroad fireman, steam engineer, trigger metal worker, foundryman, graduate engineer, automobile driver, motor-truck driver, automobile and gas engine repair men, horse shoer, mail packer, veterinarian, farrier, draftsman, surveyor, telegrapher, wireless operator, lineman, telephone repairman, telephone operator, photographer, moving picture expert, navigator, seaman, accountant, bookkeeper, clerk, shipper, stock keeper, stenographer, baker, cook, butcher, grocer, chiropodist, dentist, druggist, doctor, nurse, medical student, band player, orchestra player, Barber, canvas worker, harnessmaker, shoemaker, tailor, watch-

maker, or "If you are an expert in any other occupation not mentioned in these columns, write it to the card directly."

Such a card is given to every man in camp and bears his company and regiment number. The cards will be filed and the "right man" will be picked for the "right job" and picked in a hurry, too.

Guard duty, with its nights of lonely vigil will fall to the lot of select draft soldiers along with all-day drilling and other camp duties in order that the Eighty-third division can be fully prepared when the day comes to face the Boche. Selective draft men already are doing their night watches. Soon there will be a force picked for police duty and then each day there will be guard mount, when some new man will get his share of the task which none relishes highly.

There is not much to guard or a great need for guards here now, but there are guards nevertheless. In absence of guns, the men have night sticks whittled from bits of timber from the construction work just being completed. To distinguish them from soldiers not on duty they wear a white arm band. The routine is the same as that of active service, save that the same vigilance is not required.

Ernest J. Higgins of Newark won corporal chevrons the other night, when he promptly arrested a drunken man who crossed his post. It was not so much because of the arrest as because Higgins grasped the situation "like a veteran."

When the Third Regiment, Ohio National Guard, entrains for its southern camp, all the police and guard duty which that regiment has been doing will fall to the lot of the newly made citizen-soldiers. And, as time passes the duties will become many thousands of dollars represented in equipment and stores, to say nothing of the 43,000 human lives to protect.

Army officers at Camp Sherman were agreeably surprised at the type of men the selective draft brought to the training camp here. Instead of rough, uncouth, hard-to-handle gangsters, they soon learned that the new men represent a very high type of citizenry.

Amusing stories are told by some of the 721 regular army non-commissioned officers who were sent here from various western forts to act as instructors. They didn't know what this selective draft army had in store for them. Some came with years of experience in handling "tough" men and they make no bones of telling now that they had planned to sleep with one eye open and with a club or piece of gas pipe near at hand. One remarked he had already dozed out a scheme of stopping barracks fights.

But there has been nothing like their mind-eye pictures. The new soldiers here are inclined to be just the opposite. They work their eight long hours drilling in day-time and either go to bed, write to their home folks, read or enjoy entertainments at the army Y. M. C. A. buildings or something of the sort. There are, of course, exceptions to the rule but it is the rule rather than the exception that is prominent here these days.

One thing that officers at Camp Sherman, where drafted men from Ohio and Western Pennsylvania and one regiment of National Guardsmen from Ohio are in training, believe is going to contribute a great deal in making United States military forces highly effective in European service is the rivalry existing between regular army men, National Guardsmen and National Army men.

The regular army men, assigned to the cantonment as instructors and officers, believe they cannot be excelled in things military. The National Guardsmen, who have been doing police duty at the big camp during its construction and who are awaiting orders to go to a southern training camp, believe they are as good as the regulars. And now the drafted men are getting lots of praise for the way they are taking to the military life.

They are evidences of this difference in feeling at Camp Sherman. Neither class of soldiers wants the other "outfits" as they say in army slang, to "have anything on us."

There are lots of nice things in favor of being a commissioned army officer these days—things that most any civilian knows and can appreciate to a certain extent. Natty clothes, leadership, social standing.

But what's the cost, asks the man of meagre means and a good chance of attending one of the officers' training camps. There's the rub—the cost! Officers, unlike privates, must purchase their own uniforms and outfits.

An officers' equipment, clothing and belongings list is as long as the proverbial milkman's day. It costs in proportion to length, if you take their word for it. Here is a sample of the purchase list of a young officer who got a good grade of whatever he bought—nothing very cheap—nothing very fine:

Three pairs of shoes, \$30; leather puttees, \$10; sprig wrap puttees, \$5.50; cotton khaki uniform, three pairs breeches, two blouses, \$38; hat, \$5 to \$8; hat cord, \$1.50; raincoat, \$7.50; wool socks (twelve pair), \$6; underwear at any price, \$2 a suit up; pajamas, ditto; five dress shirts, \$5 each; cap, \$4; tailored serge and tailored wool uniform, \$30; overcoat, \$40 up; extra pair breeches, \$15; lace trench boots \$12 to \$15; toilet kit, \$1.50 up; sweater, \$8.50; bedding roll, \$12; mattress, \$5; blankets (two) \$16; trunk, \$7 to \$12; "housewife" or "caddy", \$5; toilet, etc. \$1 to \$2; revolver, \$25; holster, \$6; belt, \$4.50; magazine pouch, \$1.50; two extra magazines, \$2.50; army rifle, \$20; gold glasses, anywhere from \$3.50 to more than \$100; folding cot, \$3.50.

That represents an outfit of between \$400 and \$500 and does not include haversack, meat cans, canteen, bacon, cork knife, fork, spoon, canteen, cup, first aid pouch and many other incidentals. Nor does it include the probable cost that might result when a change is made in officers' uniforms, which is not infrequent. One such change already has been made since the men have been in camp here.

**GERMANS EARNESTLY DESIRE PEACE, SAYS NOTE TO THE POPE**

(Continued From Page 1)

and the peace resolution of the reichstag on July 19, to find a practical basis for a just and lasting peace.

"The imperial government greets with special sympathy the leading idea of the peace appeal wherein His Holiness clearly expresses the conviction that in the future the material power of arms must be superseded by the moral power of right. We are also convinced that the sick body of human society can be healed only by fortifying its moral strength of right."

"From this would follow, according to His Holiness' view the simultaneous diminution of the armed forces of all states and the institution of obligatory arbitration for international disputes."

"We share His Holiness' view that definite rules and a certain safe guard for a simultaneous and reciprocal limitation of armaments on land, on sea and in the air as well as for the true freedom of the community and high seas, are the things in treating which the new spirit that in the future should prevail in international relations, should find first hopeful expression. The task would then of itself arise to decide international differences of opinion not by the use of armed forces but peaceful methods, especially by arbitration, whose high peace producing effect we together with His Holiness fully recognize."

"The imperial government will in this respect support every proposal compatible with the vital interest of the German empire and people."

"Germany, owing to her geographical situation and economic requirements, has to rely on peaceful intercourse with her neighbors and with distant countries. No people therefore has more reason than the German people to wish that instead of universal hatred and battle, that a conciliatory fraternal spirit should prevail between nations."

"If the nations are guided by this spirit it will be recognized to their advantage that the important thing is to lay more stress upon what unites them in their relations. They will also succeed in settling individual points of conflict which are still undecided, in such a way that conditions of existence will be created which will be satisfactory to every nation and thereby a repetition of the great world catastrophe will be made impossible. Only on this condition can a lasting peace be founded which would promote an intellectual rapprochement and a return to the economic prosperity of human society. This serious and sincere conviction encourages our confidence that our enemies also may see a suitable basis in the ideas submitted by His Holiness for approaching nearer to the preparation of future peace under conditions corresponding to a spirit of reasonableness and to the situation in Europe."

The document is signed by the imperial Chancellor, Michaelis and addressed to Cardinal Gasparri, papal secretary of state.

The Austrian Reply.

"Holy Father: With due veneration and deep emotion we take cognizance of the new representations your holiness, in fulfillment of the holy office entrusted to you by God, make to us and the heads of the other belligerent states with the noble intention of leading the heavily tried nations to a unity that will restore peace to them."

"With a thankful heart we received this fresh gift of fatherly care which you, holy father, always bestow on all peoples without distinction, and from the depth of our heart we greet the moving exhortation which your holiness has addressed to the governments of the belligerent peoples. During this cruel war we have always looked up to your holiness as to the highest personage who, in virtue of his mission which reaches beyond earthly things and thanks to the high conception of his duties laid upon him, stands high above the 'belligerent' peoples and who is inaccessible to all influence, was able to find a way which may lead to the realization of our own desire for peace, lasting and honorable for all parties."

"Since ascending the throne of our ancestors and fully conscious of the responsibility which we bear before God and men for the fate of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, we have never lost sight of the high aim of restoring to our peoples as speedily as possible the blessings of peace. Soon after our accession to the throne it was vouchsafed to us in common with our allies to undertake a step which has been considered and prepared by our exalted predecessor, Francis Joseph, to pave the way for a lasting and honorable peace."

"We gave expression to this desire in a speech from the throne, delivered at the opening of the Austrian reichsrath, thereby showing that we are striving after a peace that shall free the future life of the nation from rancor and a thirst for revenge and that shall secure them for generations to come from the employment of armed forces. Our joint government has in the meantime declared, which could be heard by all the world, to give expression to our own will and that of the Austro-Hungarian peoples to prepare an end to bloodshed by a peace such as your holiness has in mind."

"Happy in the thought that our desires from the first were directed toward the same object which your holiness today characterizes as one we should strive for, we have taken into close consideration the concrete and practical suggestions of your holiness and have come to the following conclusions:

"With deep-rooted conviction we agree to the leading idea of your holiness that the future arrangement of the world must be based on the elimination of armed forces and on the moral force of right and on the

**ADVOCATE BY MAIL**  
**\$3 YEAR OCT. 1ST**

Beginning October 1st, 1917, the mail subscription rate for The Advocate will be as follows:

One month	..... 35
Three months	..... \$1.00
Six months	..... \$1.75
One year	..... \$3.00

All mail subscriptions are payable strictly in advance and names are taken from the mailing list at the expiration of subscription. Up to October 1st The Advocate will accept mail subscriptions at the rate of 25 cents a month or \$2.50 a year, but beginning October 1st the new schedule will be in effect.

rule of international justice and legality.

"We, too, are imbued with the hope that a strengthening of the sense of right would morally regenerate humanity. We support, therefore, your holiness' view that the negotiations between the belligerents should and could lead to an understanding by which, with the creation of appropriate guarantees, armaments on land and sea and in the air might be reduced simultaneously, reciprocally and gradually to a fixed limit, and whereby the high seas, which rightly belong to all the nations of the earth, may be freed from domination or paramountcy and be operated equally for the use of all."

"Fully conscious of the importance of the promotion of peace on the method proposed by your holiness, namely: to submit international disputes to compulsory arbitration, we are also prepared to enter into negotiations regarding this proposal."

"If, as we most heartily desire, agreements should be arrived at between the belligerents which would realize this sublime idea and thereby give security to the Austro-Hungarian monarchy for its unhampered future development, it can then not be difficult to find a satisfactory solution of the other questions which still remain to be settled between the belligerents in a spirit of justice and of a reasonable consideration of the conditions for existence of both parties."

"If the nations of the earth were to enter, with a desire for peace, into negotiations with one another in the sense of your holiness' proposals, then peace could blossom forth from them. The nations could attain complete freedom of movement on the high seas, heavy material burdens could be taken from them and new sources of prosperity opened to them."

"Guided by a spirit of moderation and conciliation, we see in the proposals of your holiness a suitable basis for initiating negotiations with a view to preparing a peace, just to all and lasting, and we earnestly hope our present enemies may be animated by the same ideas. In this spirit we beg that the Almighty may bless the work of peace begun by your holiness."

The pope's idea of negotiations between the belligerents for an understanding for simultaneous and reciprocal reduction of armaments on land and sea and in the air, by which the high seas, which rightly belong to all nations, will be opened equally to the use of all, is supported by Emperor Charles.

**WIRE FENCING IN STOCK**

Just received some large shipments of Wire Fencing. Have most all styles at prices that are low as compared to the present wholesale prices.

**MORGAN & ROBERTS,**  
9-20-34\* 22 Canal Street.

**NO MORE ACRES OF LAND TO BE HAD EXCEPT SOME SWAMP LANDS TO BE RECLAIMED.**

1. But more people every year,
2. Either needing your acre,
3. Or wanting your acre.
4. Hence the safety of first mortgage on farms.
5. The securities of The Buckeye State Building and Loan Company.
6. Rankin building, 22 West Gay street, Columbus, O., time deposits.
7. Are first mortgages on homes and farms. Assets \$14,000,000. Five per cent paid on

**LEGAL NOTICE.**

Charles H. Fosdick who is living somewhere in the State of Colorado last known address being Montrose, Colorado, will take notice that on the 20th day of September, 1917, Mary L. Fosdick, as administratrix with the will annexed of James R. Fosdick deceased, filed her certain petition in the Probate Court of Licking County, Ohio, asking that the real estate of which the said James R. Fosdick died seized should be sold for the purpose of paying the indebtedness of the said James R. Fosdick. Said real estate consists of lot No. 28 in the Village of Granville, in the eastern part of the Township of Dickinson & Everett Addition to Newark. The said Charles H. Fosdick is required to answer said petition on or before November 21, 1917 or the allegations of said petition will be taken as true.

Mary L. Fosdick, Administratrix, with the will annexed of James R. Fosdick, deceased, Elizabeth, Montgomery & Black, Attorneys.

**ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.**

The undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, for cash, at 164 North Seventh Street, Newark, Ohio, the late residence of Eva S. Bloomer, deceased, on the 26th day of September, 1917, the personal property of the said Eva S. Bloomer, deceased, consisting in part of household furniture, furnishings and clothing. Sale to commence at nine o'clock A. M. and to continue from day to day until said property is sold.

LOIS BOND, Administratrix.  
Mitchell & Morse, Attorneys. 9-5-34-17

**Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time in Many Instances**

**A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home**

Philadelphia, Pa. Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weakness? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time or better." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed lush with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye trouble of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eye two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

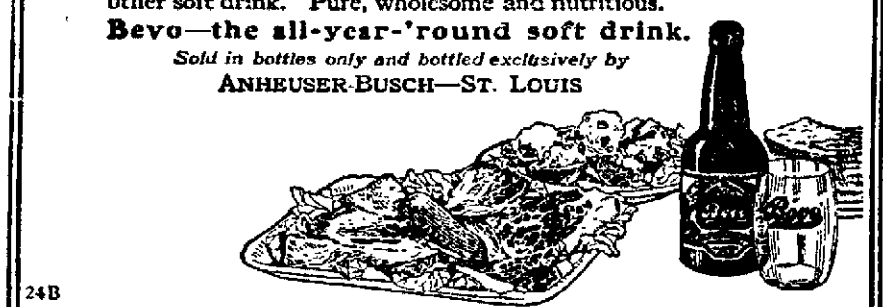
Notes: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturer guarantees it to strengthen eyesight to 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good drug store in one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." It is sold in this city by T. J. Evans and other druggists.

**Bevo**  
—the home drink

Besides its popularity at drug stores, fountains and restaurants, Bevo has found a welcome place in the home. A family beverage—a guest offering—a table drink that goes perfectly with all food.

As a suggestion for Sunday supper—Sweet red or green peppers stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts or olives, served on lettuce leaves. French dressing. Cold meat. Toasted crackers. Bevo for everyone. A beverage that tastes like no other soft drink. Pure, wholesome and nutritious. Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS



**What Do You Know About CHIROPRACTIC?**

RESULTS FROM THIS OFFICE ARE PROVING THE WONDERFUL WORK OF CHIROPRACTIC.

**INVESTIGATE**  
ASK THOSE WHO HAVE TAKEN ADJUSTMENTS WHAT THEY THINK OF CHIROPRACTIC.

—CONSULTATION AND ANALYSIS FREE—

**G. C. DRUMM, D. C.**  
CHIROPRACTOR  
Licensed By the State of Ohio.

**38 ARCADE BUILDING (OVER KRESGES)**  
NEWARK, OHIO.  
AUTO PHONE 3941  
OFFICE HOURS 2 TO 5 P. M.  
MON., WED. AND SAT. EVENINGS 7 TO 8 P. M.  
OTHER HOURS BY APPOINTMENT.

**ATTENTION GROCERS GROCERS**

Joe Annarino the old reliable Peach Man is in New York state buying Elberta Peaches out of the orchards for canning. Our first car will arrive Friday or Saturday, Sept. 21st or 22nd. These will be of a very fine quality and a large assortment to select from.

Don't forget to wait for the Old Reliable Peach Man, the man who saves you money.

My first consideration is quality.

We also have a car of Krant Cabbage and a car of Kiefer Pears for sale.


**Joe Annarino**  
51 SOUTH FOURTH STREET  
NEWARK, OHIO

**THE MODERN DENTIST**

Is no longer that monster every one has been taught to dread but he is a real friend who can relieve pain and suffering.

Newly discovered methods and appliances, skillfully applied, eliminate almost entirely the pain and suffering which was incident with old time methods. We employ all the latest appliances and methods for the elimination of pain, so that you need not fear coming here for your dental work.

**SHAI & HILL DENTISTS**  
OPEN MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.  
SOUTHEAST CORNER SQUARE.



**Notice to Farmers Make It Pay When You Come To Town**

Why not? You have hundreds of pounds of old discarded tools and machinery that will bring you a nice tidy sum of money, and remember we pay the highest cash price for old rags, rubber, paper and metals of all kinds.

**Horwitz & Horwitz**  
CORNER CHURCH AND FRONT STREETS  
AUTO PHONE 2654 Next to Tucker's Boiler Works. DRILL PHONE 506.



## NEWARK BOYS CLEAR AWAY PEANUT AND COTTON FOR TENTS

(Special to Advocate.)  
Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 19.—The Newark members of the S. A. A. Train are now comfortably quartered in their new home at Camp Sheridan and all are well and happy. They have been engaged the past few days in fixing up their quarters, taking pictures and getting ready in general for a long stay.

The train to which the men are attached consists of nineteen officers and six hundred and eighty-one men. They arrived in Montgomery at midnight from Columbus and the officers and men remained in the cars all night and went into camp next morning near six truck companies on the far left hand side of the Wetumpka road.

The men had to clean up cotton and peanut patches to erect their tents. It was 95 in the shade and when the natives told them that was a cool day they wondered what they would do when the hot ones come along. Their tents are all up, mess halls and other buildings in good condition and the boys are now ready for a good siege of army life. The boys did not bring any trucks or ammunition with them but it will be supplied later. They brought along only two private automobiles for use at present. The ammunition train was in command of Lieut. P. B. Monypenny of Columbus. Other officers were Majors C. H. Huston of Mansfield and R. L. Mundbank of Columbus. Captains Huston, Deatrick and Lawler of Columbus are attached to the supply train.

There are six small arm companies, commanded as follows:  
No. 1, Lieut. Merkle; No. 2, Lieut. Wilcox; No. 3, Lieut. Vail; No. 4, Lieut. Bower; No. 5, Lieut. Fenton and No. 6, Lieut. Stolberg.

Also six artillery ammunition companies commanded as follows:  
No. 1, Lieut. Byrne; No. 2, Lieut. Gregg; No. 3, Lieut. Taylor; No. 4, Lieut. Mills; No. 5, Lieut. Ewing and No. 6, Lieut. Ellis.

The companies are made up of officers and men from Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, Akron, Cleveland, Canton, Newark, Mansfield and several smaller cities.

### 25 Years Ago

(From Advocate, Sept. 22, 1892.)  
Allen Stephens and Miss Fannie Keyser were issued a marriage license today.

A new industry, the Ohio Central Stove and Machine works will soon be added to our list of important industries. The members of the new company are Messrs. C. W. Cunningham, Chas. Ludy, E. Lewis and G. W. Culbertson.

Mrs. D. W. Matlack is visiting her sister, Mrs. Corbin, in Zanesville. Miss Gussie Larabee, daughter of ex-Governor Larabee of Iowa, is the guest of Miss Belle Havens.

Mr. P. A. Ward of Ward's Carriage shop, is seriously ill at his home on Clinton street.

Dr. and Mrs. Baldwin returned from Washington, D. C., today.

A. P. Taylor has gone to California on a business trip.

### 15 YEARS AGO

(From Advocate, Sept. 22, 1902.)  
Capt. Charles Matthew and mother Mrs. J. H. McMahon, left for Girard, Pa., today to attend a reunion in honor of Capt. Matthew's grandfather, who is 101 years old.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Handel, Jr., a son.

"Our New Minister," is to be seen at the Auditorium this evening.

F. M. Black is home from a month's visit in Portland, Maine.

Mrs. C. M. Hoover of the Avalon and son Ben and Arthur Conolly spent Sunday at Summit Station.

The funeral services of the late P. F. Rhoads, took place from the home on Granville street this afternoon.

Herman Carpenter has moved to Newark from Batesville and has accepted a position as a plumber with Henry Sayre.

### The World War a Year Ago Today—Sept. 22

Austrians were driven from Italian trenches which they captured on Carso plateau.

Roumanians evacuated Vulcan pass, Transylvania, and were repulsed at Hermannstadt.

Von Mackensen claimed victory over Russo-Roumanian army in the six day battle ended on the 20th.

France reported fifty-two aerial combats on the Somme. Eleven allied planes and eight German craft brought down.

### Two Years Ago Today

French airmen bombarded the palace of the king at Stuttgart, 100 miles within the German border.

### Three Years Ago Today

Russians invested Przemyel. German U boat 20 torpedoed three armored British cruisers in the North sea, first great submarine victory of the war.

### TENT MEETINGS

Rev. J. W. Short preached at the tent, East Main and Wing streets, last night. His subject was "What Must I Do to be Saved?" He spoke of the different opinions people had about salvation and showed that that Jesus was the only one that could save.

Mr. Canaday sang "Sweetest Rest." He will sing at every service, Sunday at 2:30 he will tell of his experience. He was a vaudeville singer, and will tell how he came to be singing the gospel. Services Sunday at 2:30 and 7 p. m., and every evening next week at 7:30 p. m.

23126 Circulation Mgr.

## FIRST EXHIBIT FOR DAIRY SHOW REACHES COLUMBUS FROM EAST

Columbus, O., Sept. 22.—The first exhibit for the 11th annual National Dairy Show, which opens October 15 for ten days at Columbus, reached Columbus this week. It consists of

a herd of seven animals from Mountain View Stock Farm, Benson, Vermont. A private stock car brought them direct from the farm. Last week, at Syracuse, New York, five of the animals won first prize. The herd is owned by Walter C. and William R. Bush, who own the Mountain View Stock Farm, consisting of 1500 acres. It consists of a bull, two cows, a heifer and three calves. The bull, known as Cicero Noble, is valued at \$12,000 and is a son of the much advertised Noble of Oakland, which is the most famous

American. This bull will be in Columbus also at the Dairy Show. Other exhibits are on the way, and work of placing exhibits, and getting ready for the big exposition, is proceeding rapidly.

LOUIS J. TABER SERIOUSLY ILL. Barnesville, Sept. 22.—Louis J. Taber, master of the Ohio State Grange, member of President Wilson's wheat price-fixing board, and of the Ohio council of defense, is critically ill at his home near here.

23122 Job Printing.

## WITHDRAW 27 DIVISIONS IN FLANDERS IN MONTH

(Associated Press Telegram)  
Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France, Sept. 22.—(By The Associated Press).—Thirty-five German divisions have been engaged in the fighting in Flanders during the course of the six weeks from July 13 to August 29, eight of which are still in the front line. Nineteen of the German divisions

have been withdrawn and now are undergoing reformation in rest camps, the other eight being assigned to defend quarters along the fighting front and elsewhere. The average duration of the occupation of front trenches by German divisions before their withdrawal is only eight days, in which time the casualties become so heavy that their reformation is compulsory. During a similar period of the Somme battle a year ago thirty-four German divisions were engaged, 22 of which were withdrawn as a consequence of casualties after twelve days fighting.

During the Verdun fighting, which began on August 20, ten German divisions, including four reserve divisions were withdrawn after fighting from a minimum of two days to a maximum of four days. Eight of these divisions were regarded as exhausted. Six new divisions, which replaced them, now occupy the line.

Cream Bread is delicious; made in a sanitary bakery, at the best of flour. Call The Home Bakery, 3070, and let our wagon stop. 2-19-17

23121 Eng News Bureau



THIS TRADE-MARK IS YOUR ASSURANCE OF FAIR AND EQUITABLE PRICES



When you buy Queen Quality Shoes you know that you are getting full measure of value. You know that the prices asked are fair prices.

For years Queen Quality Shoes have met the requirements of wearers at prices in accordance with values given.



Queen Quality Shoes have won the esteem and confidence of women everywhere.

The world's greatest organization, making women's fine shoes exclusively, pledges itself to Price Equalization commensurate with Maximum Quality, Style and Beauty.



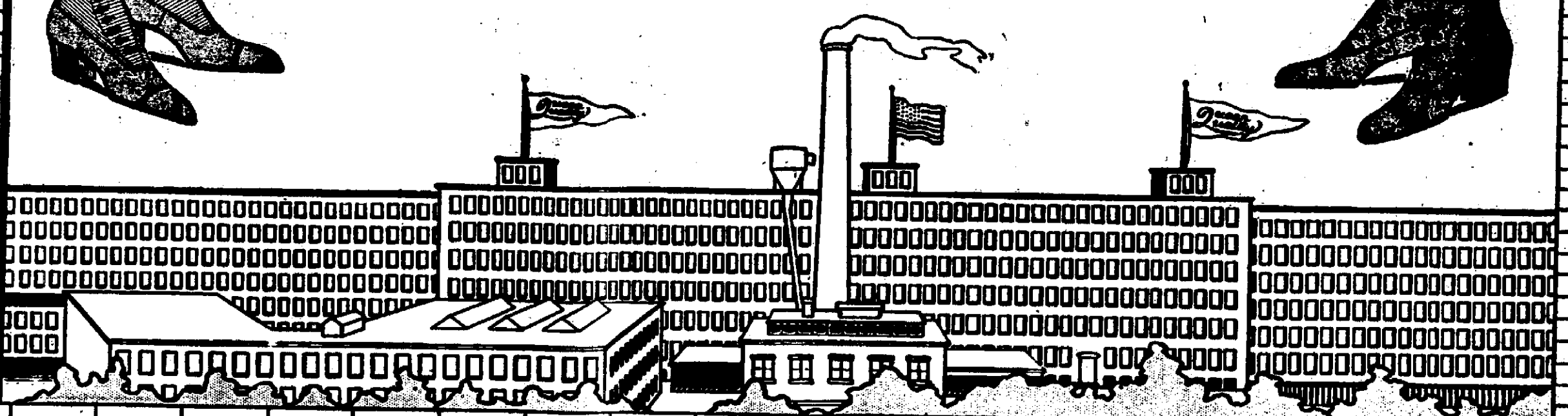
## STEPHAN'S SHOE STORE

17 SOUTH SIDE SQUARE—SOLE AGENT FOR NEWARK, OHIO

THOMAS G. PLANT COMPANY THE WORLD'S LARGEST MAKER OF WOMEN'S SHOES

BOSTON

MASS.





## NEWARK ADVOCATE

Established in 1826.

Published Daily Except Sunday  
THE ADVOCATE PRINTING CO.  
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The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

## AMBULANCES IN ITALY.

Very little American aid has thus far gone to the valiant fighters in Italy. We have only sent them five ambulances—and these but little over a week ago. Awakening to this almost criminal neglect, the poets of America have hastily formed a voluntary committee to raise \$100,000 before October 1 to purchase fifty ambulances in Milan. Option has been obtained on these ambulances at \$2000 each (which includes the up-keep for a year). As fast as this sum is raised it will be turned over to the "American Ambulance," which will buy the cars by cable and put it in commission at once. The facility with which this can be done is spurring up the poets to a quick and vigorous campaign. The first day brought them the gift of one ambulance and also two young gentlemen who will pay their own expenses and sail on the first steamer. Poets are often supposed to be impractical, but here is something amounting almost to "efficiency." The donor of the ambulance is Mrs. James E. Stone of Baltimore, and if her example is not speedily emulated, it will not be the fault of the committee who are writing to many men and women of large means, asking, in the emergency for immediate gifts of the same amount. It is almost like being in the trenches on the right side to be able within ten days to put your \$2000, to saving the lives of our courageous and successful allies, the Italians. We admire their conquests of nature and the foe, and now is the time to back them up with aid and comfort. The committee includes a large number of well-known poets, and had time sufficed, could have been multiplied by ten. Every reply received has been enthusiastic. The plan is to ask every member of the literary fraternity to "get busy" collecting not less than fifty dollars, and to invite the co-operation of the newspapers, and of clubs, churches, colleges and chambers of commerce, the last named being asked to furnish at least one ambulance each.

The names of the officers of this optimistic committee are: It expects to reach or even surpass its goal—Dr. Henry Van Dyke, honorary chairman; Edith M. Thomas, honorary vice chairman; Charles Hanson Towne, secretary; Robert Underwood Johnson, chairman, and George A. Plimpton, treasurer—the last two at 70 Fifth avenue, where checks should be sent as fast as they can be drawn. Already contributions have begun to pour in from lovers of Italy. Two were sent in memory of Edmund Clarence Stedman and of Alexander W. Drake, the art editor of The Century.

## WOMEN AS SOLDIERS.

It was recently reported that 1200 women of Texas and Oklahoma, mostly wives of soldiers, had volunteered to form a regiment which if necessary would fight in the trenches. Their suggestion was however that they might be more useful behind the lines in signal and patrol work. This fine manifestation of patriotism was no doubt prompted by the superb heroism of the Russian female "Battalions of Death."

Women are fast developing more physical strength, and many of them would put men fighters to flight. In the early days following the discovery of the American continent, there were many tribes with women "Amazon" fighters. The explorers were afraid of them, as they fought with tremendous tenacity and fearlessness of death.

Also the day has gone by when you can set any particular limits to the things women should do. They will make their own limits. They are entering lines of work formerly closed.

## Daily History Class—Sept. 22.

- 1761—Coronation of George III, king who ruled England during the American Revolution.
- 1776—Nathan Hale, "martyr of liberty," executed at New York.
- 1902—Lincoln issued his proclamation of emancipation, which was perfected Jan. 1, 1903.
- 1914—German U-0 torpedoed the British cruisers Aboukir, Cressy and Hogue in the North sea.
- 1916—Romanians evacuated Vulcan pass and were repulsed at Hermannstadt, Transylvania.

## ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Capella, seen in the northeast, low in the early evening, is a sun 250 times brighter than our own. Sun on the meridian of Washington at 52 minutes of seconds after 11 o'clock.

## SOMETHING FOR HIM TO READ.

(Buffalo News.)  
A great deal is being said about seeing to it that our soldiers and sailors get something to read. That "something" has been particularized to a certain extent. At any rate it has been suggested that organizations be formed as clearing houses through which stories and magazines be sent to the men in the trenches and on the ships.

And the fact has been emphasized that our boys do not want magazines of the vintage of 1900, but real live, up-to-date reading matter.

It is obvious that the most acceptable "something to read" for these men who are "doing their bit" would be their favorite newspaper.

The boys will long for news from their own town.

Consequently, the most acceptable present you can give to a departing soldier boy or sailor lad is a subscription to the newspaper that will give him an account of the happenings in his home community.

It will be sent to him first to the training camp and later will follow him regularly wherever he goes. For a cent a day your soldier son, friend or lover, may have a continuous record of things back home. And how it will hearten and entertain him when in trench, camp, or on board ship!

## SCANTY SKIRTS.

(Ohio State Journal.)  
There is an edict in France that a woman's dress shall contain no more than 4-1-2 yards of goods. This reform is ordered for economy's sake. It is a great saving and, following upon this action, we are informed that 4-1-2 yards make a more attractive dress than a large amount of goods wound secure. It conduces to the preservation of straight lines, in which, it is claimed, French women especially look more fascinating. And, of course, if they do, American women will, also. Still, there is said to be a peculiar grace in the way French women do things and carry themselves, so that it is said one can tell a French lady by the way she sits and walks, as well as by the way she talks. So, if there is something in her personality that will make a 4-1-2-yard dress captivating in a French lady, there is no doubt that an American lady will be equally attractive in that economical attire.

## SKIRTS.

(Chicago Tribune.)  
Tight skirts have appeared in the shop windows—long, moreover—in fact, hobbles; and unless steps are immediately taken to forestall calamity, no steps worthy the name will be taken by womankind for weeks and months to come.

"Women is queer," quoth Chimnie Padden, and if they continue to resemble badly rolled umbrellas after enjoying the delightful summer, we shall be tempted to agree with Chimnie. Don't tell us it won't be their fault. Said George Fith: "Ever since the creation of the world men have been trying to invent something women would refuse to wear. Thus far they have not succeeded."

The journalistic passion for truth bids us note, however, that women have once or twice refused to wear the jokes got up for them by men. They have dejectedly attempted to revive the hoopskirt. They rejected the trouser-skirt from the first. At present, with women murdering Germans in Russia and with women badgering the president at his very gate in Washington, it is possible that the eternal feminine will come out strong against hobbles. Speed the day!

## Spirit of the Press

**Pushing as a News Source.**  
French and other newspaper men, after but a few days of experience, found General Pershing most charming and considerate personally, but a "tight" on news. The day after he had talked freely to all the newspaper men and wound up by warning them not to use one word that he had said, one of the number remarked as they filed out: "What I understand the general to convey was that until Friday there would be no news and after that absolutely none."—San Francisco Argonaut.

**An Example.**  
At last one of the idle neutral ships which are not permitted to carry American products to their countries in Europe has lifted anchor and gone to work. The Carlsholm came here from Sweden for a load of wheat and fodder. Realizing that she cannot have these, her owners have taken on a cargo of coal for Chile, and from that country she will bring back nitrate, which is needed for our farms.

Here is an example that should be followed by the Norwegian ships at Philadelphia and Baltimore and the scores of Dutch vessels on which grain is rotting at New York. Why do they wait? If they do not voluntarily unload and go into service, our government will find work for them and require them to do it.—New York Times.

## Liberty Loan and Advertising.

Senator Pomeroy declares there is a newspaper lobby working in the interests of paid advertising for the next Liberty loan. The newspapers did not wage a lobby on the first one, nor did they ever ask pay for the many pages they gave toward making the loan a success. Try to float one without the newspapers, senator, and then let the legislators who are against paid advertising make up the deficit.—Washington Herald.

## Multiplying Taxes.

There is a sinister implication in the persistence with which the house clings to its purpose to levy upon newspapers taxes more burdensome than those imposed upon any other industry. Why should the publishing business be singled out for cumulative taxation, why should it

be made to bear not merely the taxes imposed upon other industries but special taxes seemingly contrived with punitive intent? In respect to the industry levied upon, the increased rate is unjust, burdensome and destructive, while as a measure of public policy it is to the last degree unwise.—New York Times.

## Helping the Enemy.

President Wilson's success is compromised by the existence within the nation of two factions, both of which are unwittingly doing something to aid the enemy. There is the faction of the absolutist pacifists who refuse to believe that war can be made to serve the cause of peace, and there is the faction of the headlong militarists who are striving to poison a war, expressly intended to serve the cause of peace, with vindictive passions and irreconcilable moral judgments. Both of these factions are making it more difficult for their national leader to accomplish its official policy with the utmost celerity and at the smallest cost.—The New Republic.

## Pointed Observations

Three Berlin papers have been suppressed by the military. This may indicate there are still a few voices of reason and right left in Germany.—Indianapolis News.

California, an equal suffrage state, voted against ousting whisky; Maine, a prohibition state, voted against equal suffrage. That makes it even. But what has become of the old-fashioned orator who used to say prohibition and equal suffrage were twins?—Savannah News.

The 700 Americans still in Berlin may be brave, but what shall we say of their sense?—Florida Times-Union.

The bottling up of the kaiser is not sufficient. He must be canned.—Milwaukee Journal.

As we understand it, the king of Sweden truly regrets that the matter came out as it did—or that it came out at all. He highly values the friendship and foodstuff of the United States, especially in the relations.—Kansas City Journal.

Germany's peace talk is put forward for no other purpose, it may be suspected, than to slow up preparations in this country for helping the allies administer a sound licking to the Hohenzollern.—Rochester Herald.

Reading Doc Garfield's coal policy brings a healthy glow that makes a good substitute for coal.—Washington Post.

"There is something irresistible about a tank," reads a movie announcement. Yes, and even an extant often has friends.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

From the German point of view, plotting murder is evidently a trifling matter compared with the ruffianly conduct of the United States in reading dispatches meant to be secret.—Springfield Republican.

Congress has been invited to visit the war front. What a bully idea! When do they start?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## HOUSE MAY PROBE BERNSTORFF'S PLAN

(Associated Press Telegram.)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee, declared today after conferring with Secretary Lansing that he thought the probability of a house investigation of Count von Bernstorff's plans to influence congress by spending \$50,000 as revealed in his dispatches to Berlin.

Further details of Count von Bernstorff's plot to influence congress through a subsidized pro-German organization were sought today by Senator Overman, chairman of the senate lobby committee and Representative Flood, chairman of the house foreign affairs committee, both of whom arranged to visit the state department.

Whether congress will order an investigation into the aspersions cast upon the body in the ambassador's revealed correspondence will depend to a great extent, it is believed on the result of today's conferences with Secretary Lansing.

The disclosure of Bernstorff's activities in the revelations of Prussian intrigue in Argentina and Mexico continued an absorbing topic of discussion in official and diplomatic circles.

Secretary Lansing sees little that a congressional inquiry could develop, but charges made on the floor yesterday by Representative Heflin of Alabama, that certain members have "acted suspiciously" and veiled accusations made by other representatives in interviews probably will force an investigation, Mr. Flood said.

After returning to the capitol from the state department Mr. Flood began conferences with house leaders to learn their views on holding an inquiry. He declared that Secretary Lansing gave him no new details regarding the von Bernstorff message.

## FIRE BURNS RESERVE COAL.

(Associated Press Telegram.)  
Gary, Ind., Sept. 22.—A fire in the reserve coalfields of the Michigan Central Railroad near here threatened to destroy 170,000 tons of coal last night, but fire engines from this city, Hammond, and Michigan City, brought the flames under control early today. The amount of coal destroyed could not be estimated.

## PROTECT SOLDIERS' PROPERTY.

(Associated Press Telegram.)  
Washington, Sept. 22.—Protection of the homes and property of America's fighting men by passage of the administration soldiers and sailors rights bill was urged today before a senate judiciary sub-committee which began formal hearings.

Read Advocate Want Ads Tonight.

## ONE GOOD TURN DESERVES ANOTHER



Uncle Sam: "While you are fighting for democracy, I'll take care of them."

## SOLDIERS' MEDALS

Editor of the Advocate:—In reply to your card of inquiry my home address is Granville, O. Present address Fourth Battery F. A. U. S. T. C., Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—Fred L. McCollum.

Editor of the Advocate:—I wish to state that you have my name correctly spelled; also that my home address is 120 Moulle street, Newark, O. In regard to the service medal I would surely be pleased to possess one.—Thanking you kindly, I remain, yours truly, Ralph R. Cagney, 146th U. S. L. Hdq. Co., Wooster, O.

Editor of the Advocate:—Acknowledging receipt of the bronze medal service medal presented by the people of Licking county to the Licking county soldiers and sailors. I express my kind appreciation for the same, because it represents the "mettle" of Licking county of those boys who go and the folks back home who will ever contend for Liberty, Happiness and the Principles of Humanity. I enlisted in the war August 27th, 1917, and hope that my ship will always bear bright sails, good news, good cargoes and good hearts. Closing with these few lines I thank you for the favor and hold it in high esteem.—Very truly yours, Henry Hall, U. S. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.

Editor of the Advocate:—A. R. Lugenbeal, whose home is in Perryton, Licking county, is now a member of Co. E, 15th U. S. Engineers, U. S. A. in France. Will you send him a service medal? R. C. R.

A service medal bearing Mr. Lugenbeal's name and address together with a personal letter from the Advocate and a printed list of 1400 contributors to the medal fund, will be sent to France today.—Ed.)

Editor of the Advocate:—I received the medal which you sent me and want to thank you and the people of Newark and Licking county. There are men here from every state in the United States, but so far none have received anything like a medal or remembrance from home. My name is misspelled on the face of the medal. It is spelled "Baguley" and should be spelled "Baguley." Once more thanking you and the people of Newark and Licking county, I remain, C. E. Baguley (Newark) U. S. Naval Hospital, Las Animas, Colorado.

If Mr. Baguley will return his medal to this office the Advocate will be glad to have the spelling corrected and medal returned without expense to him.—Ed.)

Editor of the Advocate:—Arrived in Norfolk, Thursday, am feeling better. I am sure proud of my medal and everybody thinks it's great. Am in the detention camp now.—Clifton I. Grimm (69 North Second street, Newark) Norfolk, Va.

The population of Licking county is not less than \$5,000. Of this number approximately 1400 have made a contribution to the Licking county soldiers and sailors service fund. As it was necessary to order 350 more medals, making a total of 750, at a cost of \$567.49, a little more money is required. The amount still needed is \$75. The contributors to the medal fund range from 10 cents to \$5. The service medals are admired by everybody and are greatly prized by the soldiers and sailors. No other county in the country is remembering its boys in this way. If you have not yet sent a contribution to the medal fund do so now or if you have, there is no rule against duplication. Recent contributions have

## The Advocate's D-A-T-E

I have ever held it as a maxim, never to do that through another which it was possible for me to execute myself.—Montesquieu.

Very Well, Then!  
The melancholy days, indeed, have come, friend wife, we'll hear, just when we've settled down to read, "Go fix the furnace, dear."

Wanted Real Food.  
Aunt Caline says:—They was a kinda social over at the personage last night an' the women had cooked up a right good lot o' vittals which they wanted to buy a know rope fer the church bell, it bein' wore out. An' along in the late part o' the evenin' Hava Hart come in with a woman which she is a-bordin' with Hava. An' the woman she walked over an' set down by Miss Take an' opened up a line o' conversation with her an' she aired her views right plain on the subject o' grass widders, which Miss Take is due twict an' she thought the woman was a-doin' it to insult her. But she was only tryin' to be pleasant an' it was some entertainin'.

The next day Doc Carven was in to see Zeke which he had et too much an' ole Uncle Will E. Bease was there an' Doc says, "I understand that Mrs. Slacker made a faux pas over at the personage last night." An' afore I could say anything at all Uncle Will he pipes up, "Well, mebbey they hed it," he says, "but I didn't git none of it. I would rather hed substantial food," he says, "no foolish gimcracks in my eatin'." he says.

been made by Mrs. F. G. Clunis, W. P. Smith, R. C. Ridenbaugh, T. E. Hayes, Samuel Keeran.

## A Little Fun

Not So Anxious.  
Merchant—I always give preference to a married clerk.  
Friend—Why is that?  
Because I find that they are not in such a hurry to get home of an evening as the others are.—Pearson's Weekly, London.

Suggestive Habits.  
"For ten years," said the new boarder, "my habits were as regular as clockwork. I roost on the stroke."

Stirred Up His Vocabulary.  
"I used to think Dubwatt was a man of few words."  
"What caused you to change your opinion?"  
"I happened to be sitting near him at the baseball park the other day when the umpire made a rank decision in favor of the visiting team."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## Catarrh of Throat

Miss Annalee Rustick, 1449 South 16th St., Omaha, Nebraska, writes: "I have suffered with catarrh of the throat. I caught cold and it settled in my throat, and I coughed badly and was very weak. I could not sleep and had no appetite. I had two doctors, and had taken so many different medicines and found no help. I thought I will have to give up; but at last my mother read about Peruna, so I thought of trying that great medicine. I got a bottle of it and in about four days I almost stopped coughing, and after a while I surely found relief, and from that time we are not without Peruna in our home."

Could Not Sleep No Appetite Now Well. We Always Have PERUNA in the Home.  
These who object to liquid medicines can procure Peruna Tablets.















OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 8:30 P. M.

# MODART CORSETS

Front Laced

ARE DAILY BECOMING BETTER KNOWN.

Correct corset design is vital to health and beauty, and the growing popularity of the MODART front laced corset has been developed mainly through the satisfaction given in the fitting room. We urge you to have a trial fitting of the Modart Corset. It will prove a liberal education in corset comfort and fit. The actual trying on of the corset where a woman can feel its comfort or discomfort, can see the beauty of its lines or the lack of them, this is the test we suggest.

Have a trial fitting of a Modart Front Laced Corset at no cost whatever. Prices—

**\$3.75 TO \$7.50**

## Look at The "One Button" Union Suit For Men

It's the one improvement of Men's Underwear since the many-button union suit of yesterday replaced the shirt and drawer of an earlier time. Price \$2.00 suit.

### W. H. Moseley Company

## Lodges

**I. O. O. F.**  
Newark Lodge, No. 623.  
Last Monday evening Newark Lodge met with a good attendance. One candidate was instructed in the degrees who has been drafted in the National Army. Next Monday evening the lodge will confer the second degree in full form. All members should make an effort to be on hand. Monday, October 1, is "home coming" night. The committee has arranged for a little lunch and a good time is assured.

**Licking Rebekah Lodge, No. 143.**  
Thursday evening, Sept. 27 the sisters will open the season with a big class for the degree. The meeting Thursday evening will be the first time for the degree in the West Main street home. Every member is asked to be on hand at 7:30 p. m.

**Olive Branch Lodge, No. 54.**  
Olive Branch Lodge met Tuesday evening with a fair attendance. Nothing but the regular business was transacted. Next Tuesday evening will be the annual homecoming night and every member is expected to be present and enjoy a good social meeting. The refreshment committee is on the job and there will be something on hand.

**PYTHIAN SISTERS.**  
Alberta Temple No. 355, Pythian Sisters met Wednesday evening. A fine crowd was present and every officer in her chair. Two applicants were initiated and admitted to membership while several more applications were received for membership and referred to the proper committees.

**MODERN WOODMEN.**  
Cedar Camp, No. 4721 M. W. of A. met Wednesday night with a good attendance. Considerable business was transacted. One of the most important questions discussed was the "patriotic fund" paid with the September payment. The object of this fund is to make good and to pay the certificates in full of every member of the Modern Woodmen in the service of the country. October 2 every member of Cedar Camp is requested to be at the meeting and to vote upon this patriotic fund. Another important law was adopted at the Chicago Head Camp whereby beginning September 1 applicants at the age of 17 years can be admitted to membership in the Modern Woodmen. A meeting will be held at Zanesville Oct. 2 among the camps of this district and plans will be formed to have a big class adoption in the near future.

**K. OF P.**  
Roland Lodge.  
The farewell meeting of Roland lodge on Tuesday evening in honor of eight of its members who left Thursday for the training camp at Chillicothe was attended by nearly 100 of the brethren. All but one of the soldier boys were present and a program suitable to the occasion was carried out. A number of patriotic speeches were made and the boys were made to feel that the lodge is proud of them, as well as the eight other brothers who had previously enlisted and now are engaged in various cities of the country waiting the call to go abroad. A hearty handshake of farewell was given the boys. An added feature was the appearance of a Columbus man and his four-year-old son, who delighted the crowd with several musical selections, which was much appreciated. At this meeting also was started the raising of a fund of \$500 by this lodge to be a part of the \$500,000 being raised by the supreme lodge

to be known as the Pythian war relief fund, to be used for the care of enlisted knights and their families. This is a worthy project and a number of the brethren have already donated their "bit." At the demonstration in honor of the soldiers from Licking county Thursday, the order was well represented in the parade by a number of knights and 40 members of the Uniformed Rank. At the close of lodge Tuesday evening choice refreshments were served in the banquet hall.

### Y. M. C. A. Notes

The board of directors met Wednesday evening, and among other things, voted to co-operate with the war department, and open a telegraph school. This school will be for those who will later enlist in the signal corps of the national army. The juniors and cadets will have a two weeks' membership campaign and endeavor to bring their gymnasium classes up to war strength. The classes are starting out strong in attendance and spirit, but there is still room in the ranks.

A big hike is planned for Saturday, Sept. 22. Keep this in mind, boys, and get to the building at nine o'clock sharp, prepared with food and pep for all day.

Secretary Johnson made a flying trip to Newark Wednesday and returned to Chillicothe, Cantonment with the second lot of "liberty" boys. Thursday, he reports mammoth undertakings on the part of the army Y. M. C. A. This organization is universally liked by men and officers, and is almost as indispensable as the commissary department. It renders very valuable services to the enlisted men. Above all, personal conversations direct and to the point, religious services, sincere and home-like, and the sympathetic contact of secretaries with men, place the association in an enviable position of service. There are eleven Y buildings at the cantonment, five serving the infantry, four the artillery, one, an auditorium seating three thousand, and one serving as administration building. Mr. Johnson is as enthusiastic as a man can well be, over the work being done for Uncle Sam's army of democracy, by the Y. M. C. A.

Thomas Chidlaw, a member of the association who lives in the dormitory, is spending ten days at the Newark Sanitarium, for the purpose of undergoing a slight operation. He is setting along nicely.

An order for 50 bushels of spuds is being placed, for the Y. M. C. A. lunch counter; there may be a shortage of food in some sections of the country, but you will always be able to eat at this most popular stand.

### BIG CROP OF CORN IN LICKING COUNTY

How will you get it out in time to seed to wheat? Labor is scarce and high-priced. Let us help you to solve this problem. Buy a McCormick Corn Binder. This will enable you to finish seeding from ten days to two weeks earlier, which will make you money. Probably enough to pay for the McCormick Binder, as the binder will not only save the cost of high-priced labor, but will also insure you a better crop of wheat by enabling you to get your wheat sown in good season.

We have the McCormick Binders in stock and can give immediate delivery. Come and see us. CHAS. M. STEVENS, 37 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

# Church Notes

**Second Presbyterian.**  
Second and Church streets. Don D. Tullis, minister. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Morning worship 10:30. Sermon by pastor. Subject, "The Call to Sympathy, Service and Sacrifice." Evening worship, 7:30. The pastor will exchange penpals with Rev. D. H. Mergler of Ulica, a seminary classmate. Rev. Mergler is one of the leading ministers of Zanesville Presbytery. Prayer meeting Wednesday night, 7:30. Also meeting of all chairmen of church committees at close of the prayer meeting service.

**Tenth Street U. B.**  
W. F. Harbert, pastor. Teachers' meeting at 9 o'clock. Sunday school at 9:30. Preaching at 10:30 by the pastor. Junior's meet at 2 p. m. Bible study at 6 p. m. followed by C. E. at 6:30. Preaching at 7:30 by the pastor.

**Woodside Presbyterian.**  
Woods avenue. D. A. Greene, pastor. Sunday school, 9:15. Morning worship 10:35. Theme, "A Loving Request." C. E. at 6:30. Evening worship, 7:30. Theme, "Meaning of the Sacrament." The communion service will be held Sunday evening.

**Christian Science.**  
First Church of Christ, Scientist, 166 Hudson avenue. Service Sunday 11:00 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Wednesday evening meeting at 7:30. A free reading room is maintained at 802 Newark Trust building which is open daily except legal holidays, from 12 m. to 5:00 p. m.; Saturday evening 7:00 to 9:00. Here the Bible and authorized Christian Science literature may be read, borrowed or purchased. The public is cordially invited to attend the church services, also to visit the reading room.

**St. Francis de Sales.**  
Masses every Sunday at 7 and 10; baptism at 1; Benediction at 3 p. m., unless otherwise announced. On holy days masses at 6 and 7. Sermon at every mass. B. M. O'Boylan, rector.

**Second Baptist Church.**  
A. E. Cowley, pastor. Sunday school, 9:15. Preaching by pastor, 10:30. Theme, "Two Remembered but Ten Forgotten." B. Y. P. U., 7:15. "Where Are the Dead?" Wednesday, 7:15, prayer meeting. In the evening the postponed message on "The Intermediate State." A scriptural message on the soul between death and resurrection or the second coming of Christ.

**West Side Church of Christ.**  
Bible school at 9:30. Communion service at 10:30, followed by preaching services, in charge of Mr. McGhee. There will be no evening services.

**Plymouth Congregational.**  
Fourth street, between Church and Locust. Preaching service at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30.

**Christian Union.**  
Pine street. H. J. Duckworth, pastor. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Morning worship, 10:30. Theme, "The World's Remedy." Junior C. E., 2 p. m. Evening worship, 7:30. Theme, "Little Foxes." Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

**Trinity.**  
East Main and North First streets. Rev. Lewis P. Franklin, rector. Holy communion, 7:30 a. m. Sunday school, 9:15 a. m. Morning service and sermon, 10:30. No evening service.

**First M. E.**  
The last Sunday before conference. Sunday school, 9:15. Public worship and sermon, 10:30. Theme, "The Success of Failure." Evening, "The Preacher and His Work." Epworth League, 6:30. Class meeting 6:30. Monday evening at 7:30 the last business meeting of the year. Every official expected to be present. Reports from all organizations of the church will be made. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening.

**Neal Avenue M. E.**  
J. W. Atkinson, pastor. Sunday school, 9:15. Morning sermon by Dr. McElfresh at 10:30. General church rally at 2:30. At 6:45 the Epworth League will meet. At 7:30 the pastor will speak on "Thirty Years From Brownsville to Newark."

**Maple Avenue C. U.**  
Maple avenue and Norton street. Sunday school, 9:15. Morning worship, 10:30. Junior Endeavor, 2:30. Senior Endeavor, 6:15. Evening worship, 7:15. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:15.

**Shawnee C. U. Chapel.**  
O'Bannon avenue. Sunday school at 1:30. Public worship, 2:30. M. A. Lamp, pastor.

**Church of God.**  
Sixth street. Sunday school, 9:30. Morning service, 10:30. No service Sunday night. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening 7:30. Eli Bailey.

**First Presbyterian.**  
Calvin G. Hazlett, minister. Sunday school, 9:15 a. m. Morning worship and sermon, 10:30. Topic, "The Spirit of the Christ." Y. P. S. C. E. 6:15. Evening worship and sermon, "Real Religion," 7:15.

**Holy Trinity Lutheran.**  
West Main and Williams streets. Rev. R. A. Houk, pastor. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Morning worship at 10:30. Theme, "Healing." Luther League at 6:30 p. m. Topic, "Confession and Absolution." Evening worship at 7:30. Theme, "Building." Tuesday evening will be held a business and social meeting of the Luther League.

**St. Paul's.**  
First street and Federal Place. Rev. G. Bohon Schmitt, pastor. Sixteenth Sunday after Trinity. Bible school at 9:15. Morning worship with sermon by the pastor at 10:30. Luther League devotional service at

6:20. Topic, "Confession and Absolution." Vespers with sermon by the pastor at 7:30. Mid-week service Wednesday evening at 7:30. Catechetical classes Saturday morning at 10 and 11. Ladies' Aid society, Friday at the usual hour.

**St. John's Evangelical.**  
Fifth and Poplar avenue. Emil N. Kraft, pastor. Bible school, 9:15 a. m. Divine service, 10:30 a. m., conducted in the German language. Evening service, 7:15 p. m.

**East Main Street U. B.**  
A. B. Cox, pastor. Sunday school, 9:15. Morning worship, 10:30. C. E., 6:30. Evening worship, 7:30. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 7:15.

**Central Church of Christ.**  
R. E. Carman, pastor. Bible school, 9:15. Morning worship, 10:30. Sermon by pastor. C. E., 6:30. Evening worship, 7:30. Sermon by pastor. Prayer meeting, 7:30 Wednesday evening.

**Associated Bible Students.**  
Convention room of the Court House, Sunday, 2 p. m. Berean study, "The Call of the New Creation." 3:15 p. m. "Tabernacle Shadows." Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. The first of a series of three lectures will be given by C. B. Shull of Columbus. "The Signs of the Lord's Second Presence." Frohnholtz Hall, Webb and East Main street. Prayer meeting, Wednesday.

**North Side Church of Christ.**  
Stevens and Hollander. L. C. Emery, minister. Sunday school, at 9:30. Morning worship, 10:30. Theme, "The Beginning of the New Testament Church." Endeavor at 6:30. Evening worship, 7:30. Theme, "Can a Man Who Believes in the Bible Conscientiously Object to Answering His Country's Call in Reason and Gives as His Reason 'Religious Belief'?" Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:30.

**East Main Street M. E.**  
This is the last Sunday of this conference year. The pastor will preach in the morning at 10:30, on the theme, "Unrealized Plans." The District Superintendent, Dr. B. F. McElfresh will preach in the evening at 7:30 and administer the sacrament. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. and Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. "Appreciation as a Strategic Method of Approach." Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30. J. Emory Walter, pastor.

# FASHION'S LATEST MOULD

## RENGO BELT

### REDUCING CORSETS

Stout and medium figures fitting the new fall models of Rengo Belt Reducing Corsets will absolutely mould the silhouette of fashion's lines. Rengo Belt Corsets are positively non-breakable or stretchable. Their lines are fixed by the designers and no amount of stress or strain from heavy figures can change them one whit. The same mould, the same smooth fitting over the abdomen and hips, the same waist line, exactly the same model of proportion as in the average figure is the result obtained when medium, heavy and full figures wear Rengo Belt Corsets.

The exclusive Rengo Belt feature of tailoring the abdominal portion of all Rengo Belt Corsets is the basic principle of the greatest supporting strength which has made these garments famous for more than nine years. Added to this is superlative strength in materials and double watch spring steels from which greater freedom is obtained. Steel elastic webbing is provided in several models.

PRICES RANGE FROM \$2 TO \$3.50

THE STORE THAT SERVES YOU BEST **Meyer & Lindorf** EAST SIDE OF THE SQUARE

## INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE JORDAN AND CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE MAKE STATEMENT TO NEWARK VOTERS

(Political Advertisement)

In view of municipal conditions in this city the undersigned have been selected by a large body of citizens who have been instrumental in bringing about the nomination of Elmer W. Jordan as Independent candidate for mayor of Newark, and we have consented to act, as an executive committee, to manage his campaign. We, therefore, deem it advisable to state briefly some of the reasons which have led the people to take these steps:

1. We believe that political affiliation ought not to exclusively control the choice of municipal officers.
2. We believe that character is

poorest service. Our tax levy is as high as the law allows, yet the streets, as a rule, about the city are in miserable condition and not kept clean. Our public utilities are given poor service. In fact, at no point do the people get near an adequate return for their money.

3. The bonded indebtedness of city is on the increase constantly, yet no where can it be seen where this money adds to the public benefit in the measure of the indebtedness.
4. We believe that Newark having grown to the size and importance of a city, that law should be so enforced as to interfere as little as possible with individual liberty, but always to the end of insuring proper living conditions in this city.
5. We believe that the water supply of the city ought not to be contaminated through a long series of years or to get into such a condition that it should be necessary for the national government to interfere and prevent its use on trains.
6. We believe that the subways and all other improvements for which bonds have been sold should be pushed to early completion to the end that the city may reap the benefit which is due it for the interest it is now paying on the bonds.
7. The bonded indebtedness of the city is about \$1,002,923.00, of which 40 per cent has been issued the last five years.
8. This is near the limit the council can issue without a vote of the people.
9. Unless the interests of the city are carefully conserved we realize that we cannot issue bonds for real necessities because of the limitation allowed by law. We believe the improvement of the water and sewer systems is necessary at once. We regard the health of our people beyond money and price.
10. This committee was selected by no organization, but by the citizens of all parties and vocations composed of business, labor and professional men acting only through patriotic motives, believing the public good just at this time demands this step, and we call upon all citizens, without distinction, to assist in conserving the public welfare.
11. We believe these citizens who have selected the independent candidate for mayor made a wise choice in selecting a man of wide education and

experience, of qualification that will measure up to the standard of qualification for the mayor of any city, who can represent our city upon public occasions with due credit as well as honestly administer its affairs upon a basis as distinguished from a political basis.

Having the foregoing objects and none other in view, we respectfully solicit, on behalf of the body of citizens we represent, the support of all who want to make the city of Newark what it can and ought to be.

John A. Chilcote.  
Wm. H. Smith.  
Geo. Hermann.  
Ben Montgomery.  
A. A. Stasel.  
Roderic Jones.  
E. M. Baugher.  
W. W. Litten.  
J. T. Lewis.  
Walter C. Symons.  
Henry S. Fleck.

### MR. JORDAN'S STATEMENT.

To the Electors of the City of Newark:

When a candidate comes before you asking your support, it is no more than just that he set forth the policies he expects to pursue. Therefore, in a brief statement I desire to explain the platform I shall carry out in the event of my election:

- I. To the principles enunciated in the declaration of the committee of citizens I heartily subscribe.
- II. I shall to the best of my ability select all appointive officials with an eye single to efficiency and in no way shall I consider political affiliations as an asset in an applicant.
- III. The financial condition of the city is such as renders strict economy necessary so that the city may be able to raise money for necessary improvements without exceeding the lawful limitation upon issue of bonds or involve the city in excessive indebtedness. The improvements which are now authorized and which have been neglected, I shall, to the extent of my ability, expedite.
- IV. In all the general affairs of my administration, if elected, I shall so enforce the law that justice shall be obtained by all, giving attention to strict business principles and govern all details with a view to economy without sacrificing efficiency.
- V. Last, I shall try to make it easier for every citizen to live up to the high privilege of good citizenship. As to any special moral purpose in my campaign I have none besides the general welfare of all.

ELMER W. JORDAN.  
Newark, O., Sept. 22, 1917.

Experienced registered pharmacist compound the prescriptions you bring us to fill. Smith's Drug Store, where quality counts. It

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an important consideration in the choice of a proper person to be mayor and chief executive of our city.

3. The purpose of government is to serve the whole people, not party. We believe that efficiency and economy ought to be the two pole stars of official endeavor to the end that public work shall be well-planned and executed in a right manner to the best interests of all.
4. We think the public expenditures have reached the high point and the people are receiving the

**ELMER W. JORDAN.**

## Skinnell's EFFICIENCY

Buy your Groceries, Fresh Meats of The Quality Store, the place where everything is guaranteed to be as represented or money refunded. Mr. Provias is with us. He invites all of his friends to call and see him.

### THESE SPECIALS FOR MONDAY ONLY

One dozen extra heavy tin cans.....50c	One 12c Package Fancy Head Rice.....10c
One 25c lb. Sack Extra quality fine Granulated Sugar.....50c	Two 10c Boxes Table Salt.....17c
One 10 lb. Sack Extra quality fine Granulated Sugar.....50c	One 25c Bottle Liquid Veneer.....10c
10 lbs. Extra Quality Fine Granulated Sugar.....50c	Nice Fresh and Crisp Saratoga Potato Chips, per package.....5c and 10c
5 lbs. Extra Quality Fine Granulated Sugar.....43c	Best Quality Mason Quart Jars, per dozen.....50c
One Gallon Pure Cider Vinegar.....25c	One Dozen Mason Quart Jars With Sanitary Lacquered Tin Lids.....54c
Nice Large Fresh Cocoanuts.....7c, 8c and 10c ea.	One Can Dry or Wet Pack Shrimp.....14c
One Box Fresh Pure Honey.....25c	One Large Can Wet Pack Shrimp.....50c
Two Cans Pumpkin.....19c	
Two Cans Joan of Arc Beans.....21c	

### FRESH MEAT DEPARTMENT - QUALITY THE BEST

Swift's Cottage Style Rolls, per lb.....42c	Pure Old Style Lard, per lb.....25c
One Lb. Finest Quality Loin Steak.....25c	Fresh Sliced Star Bacon, per lb.....45c
Compound Lard, Best Quality, per lb.....25c	Skinned Star Hams by the half or whole, per lb.....50c

—THE QUALITY STORE—

# SKINNELL'S

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